

This work was supported in part by the Spanish Ministry of Economy and Competitiveness under TestEAMoS (TIN2016-76956-C3-1-R) project and ERDF funds.

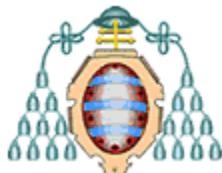
# **Test Driven Anonymization Technique for Artificial Intelligence**

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**Software Engineering Research Group**

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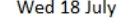
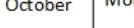
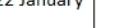
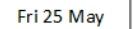
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# Netflix Contest Dataset (I)

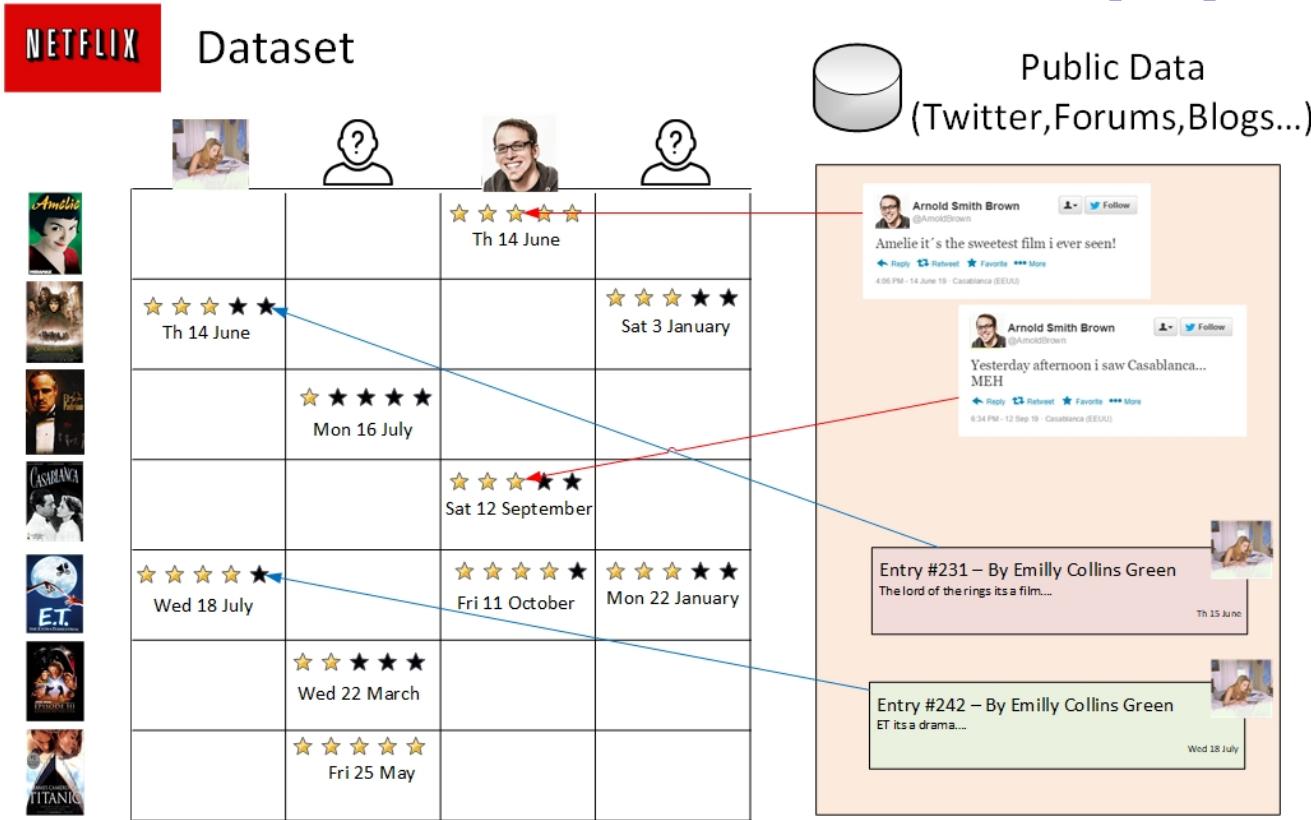


Dataset

|  |  |  Th 14 June       |   |
|--|--|--|---|
|  |  Th 14 June     |  |  Sat 3 January  |
|  |  Mon 16 July    |  |   |
|  |  |  Sat 12 September |   |
|  |  Wed 18 July    |  Fri 11 October   |  Mon 22 January |
|  |  Wed 22 March |  |   |
|  |  |  Fri 25 May     |   |

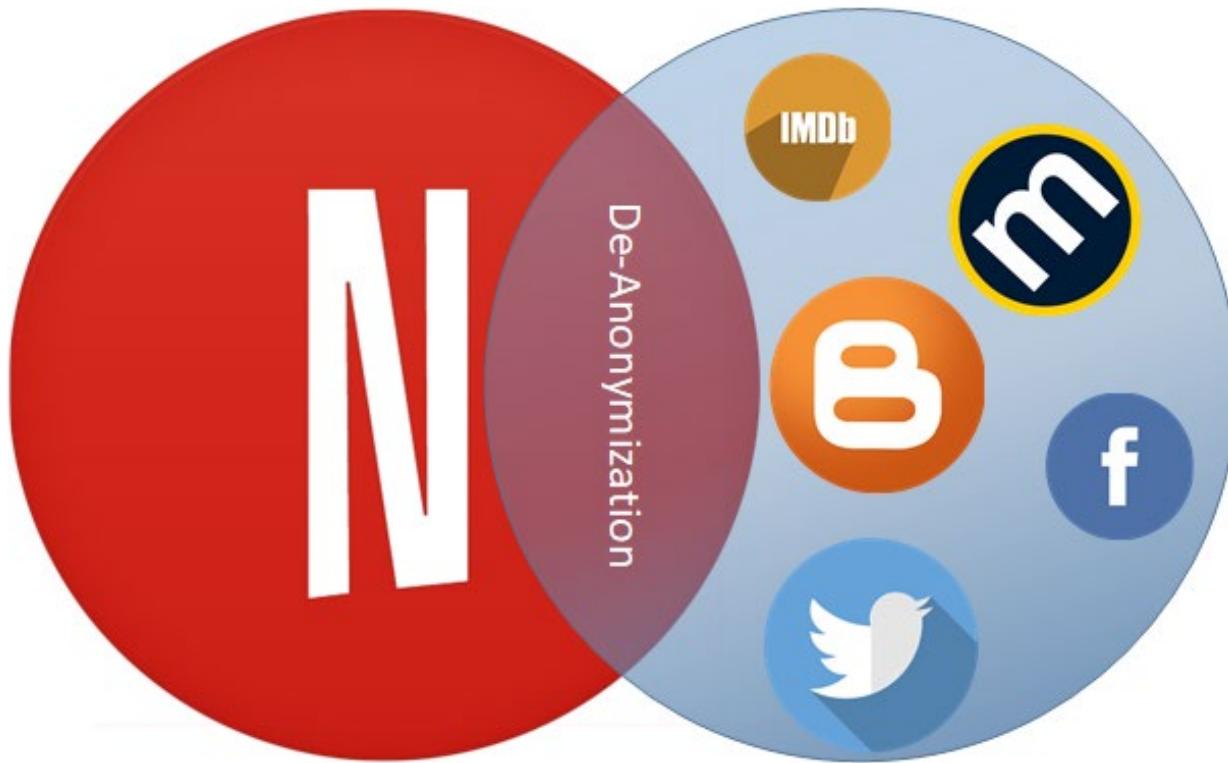
- Release an useful dataset without identifiers to develop recommenders with it

# Netflix Contest Dataset (II)



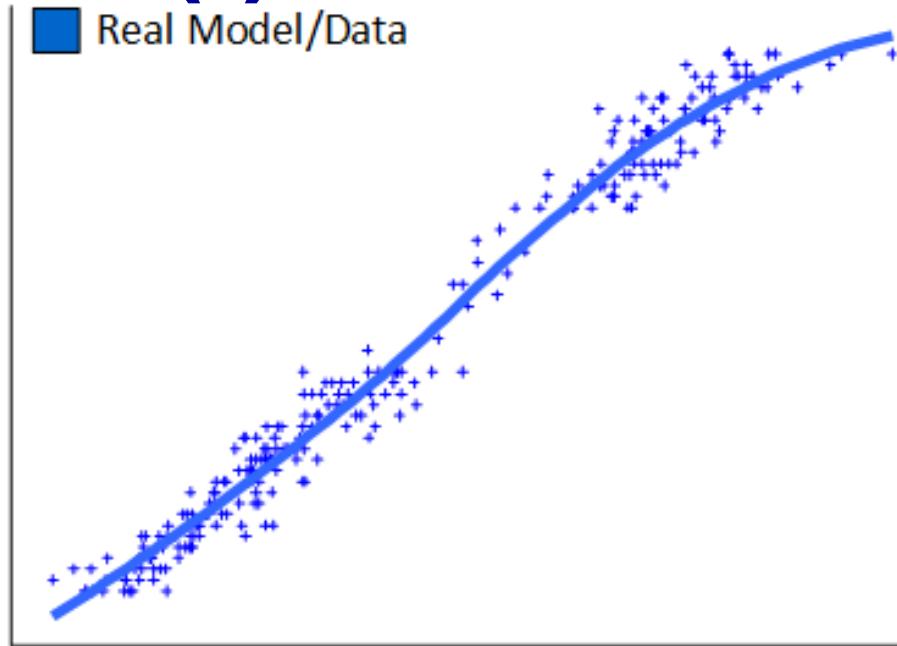
- The information shared by Netflix with another external data like Tweets or Blogs Post allow to identify users

# Netflix Contest Dataset (III)



- Cross information of some public sources

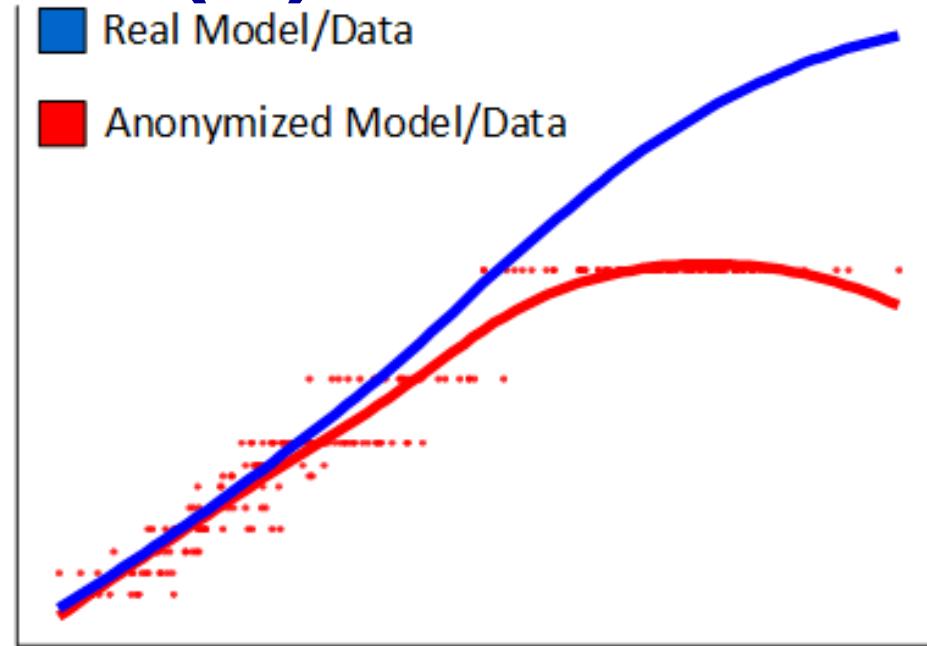
# Context (I)



## ■ Anonymization effect

- Improve individuals privacy also loss of information
- Alters data and affects developments highly dependent of the data ( i.e Artificial Intelligence models)

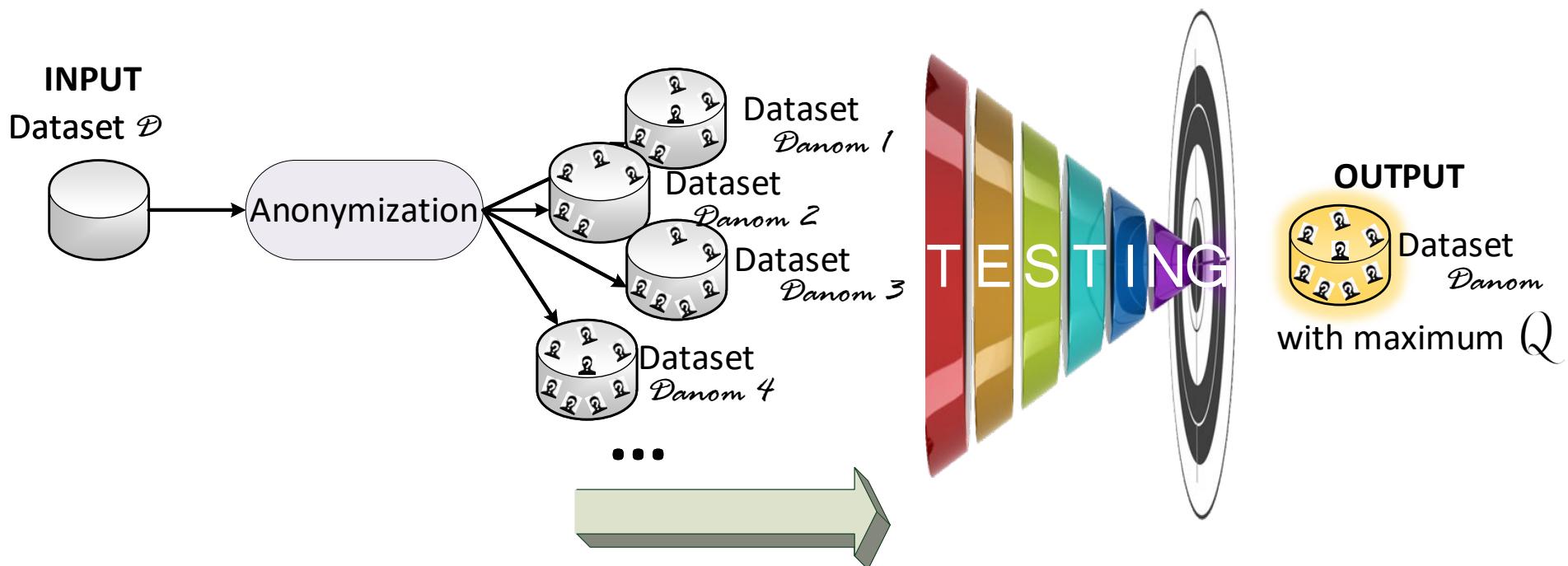
# Context (II)



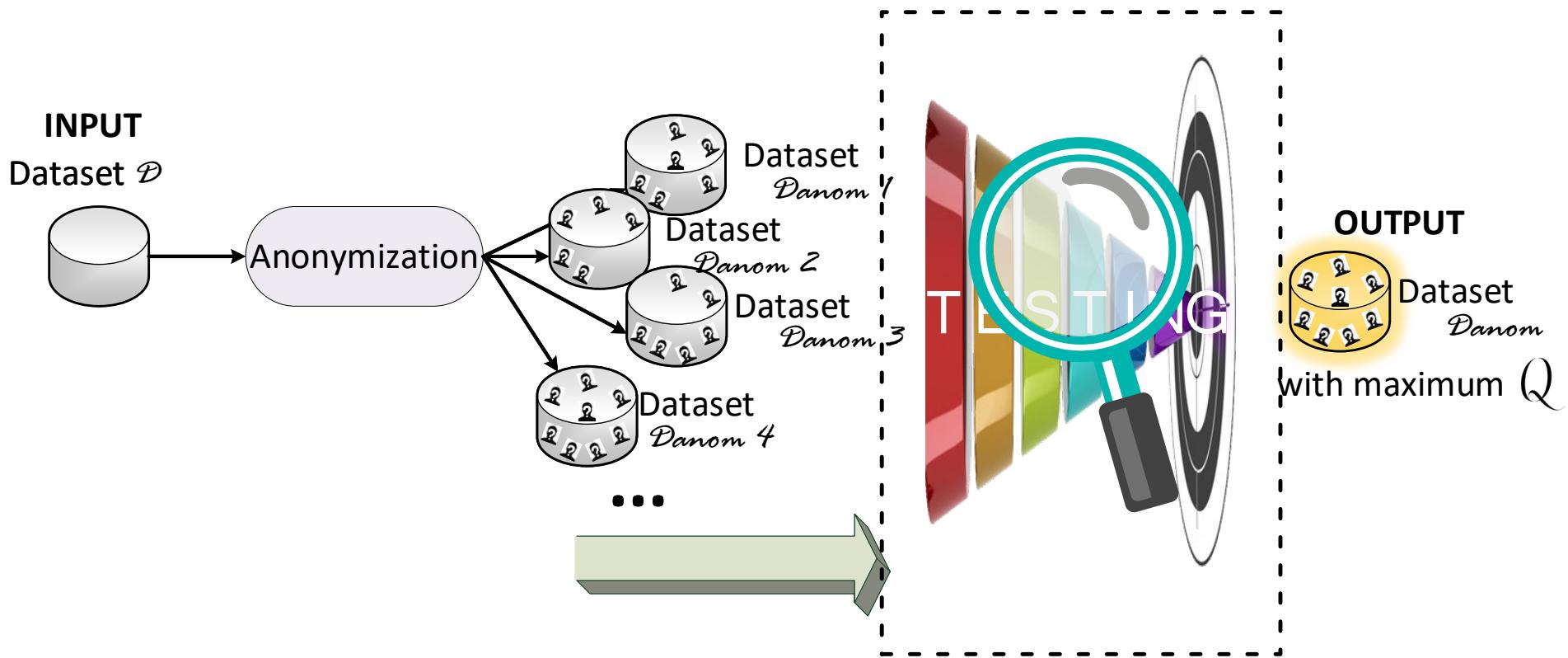
## ■ Fault Masking

- May be the case that an AI Model that works well in the development stage fails dramatically during production

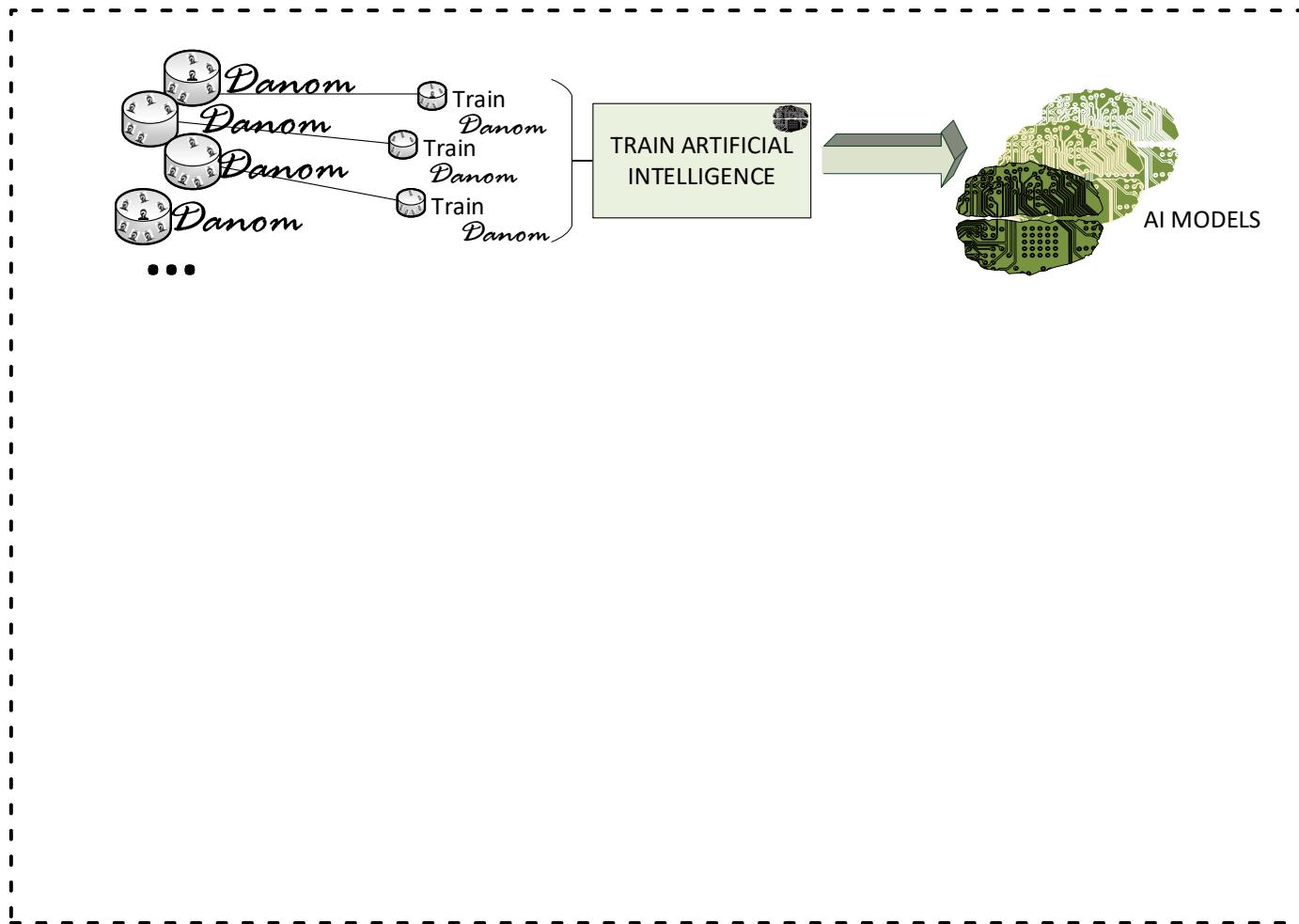
# Test Driven Anonymization Overview



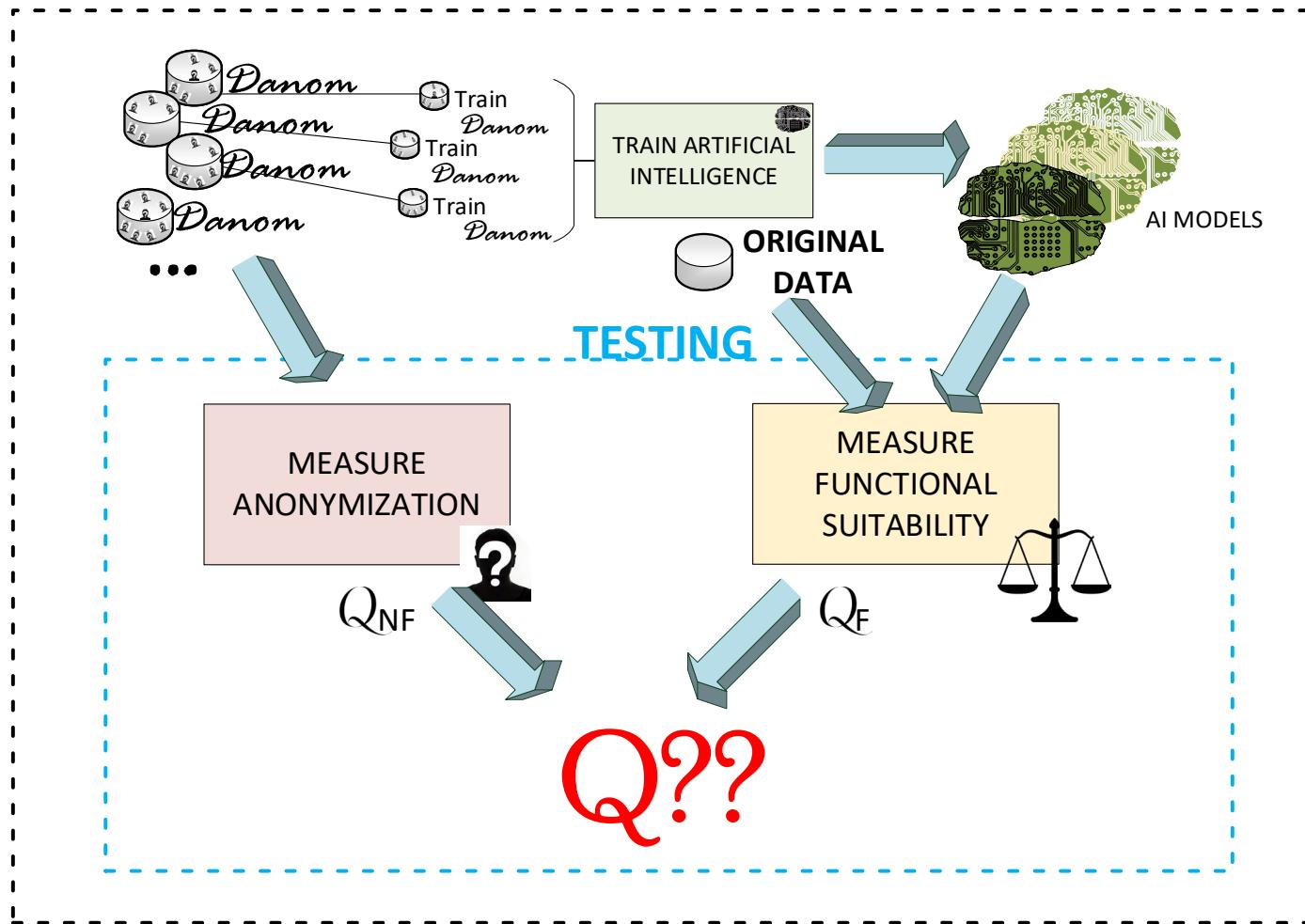
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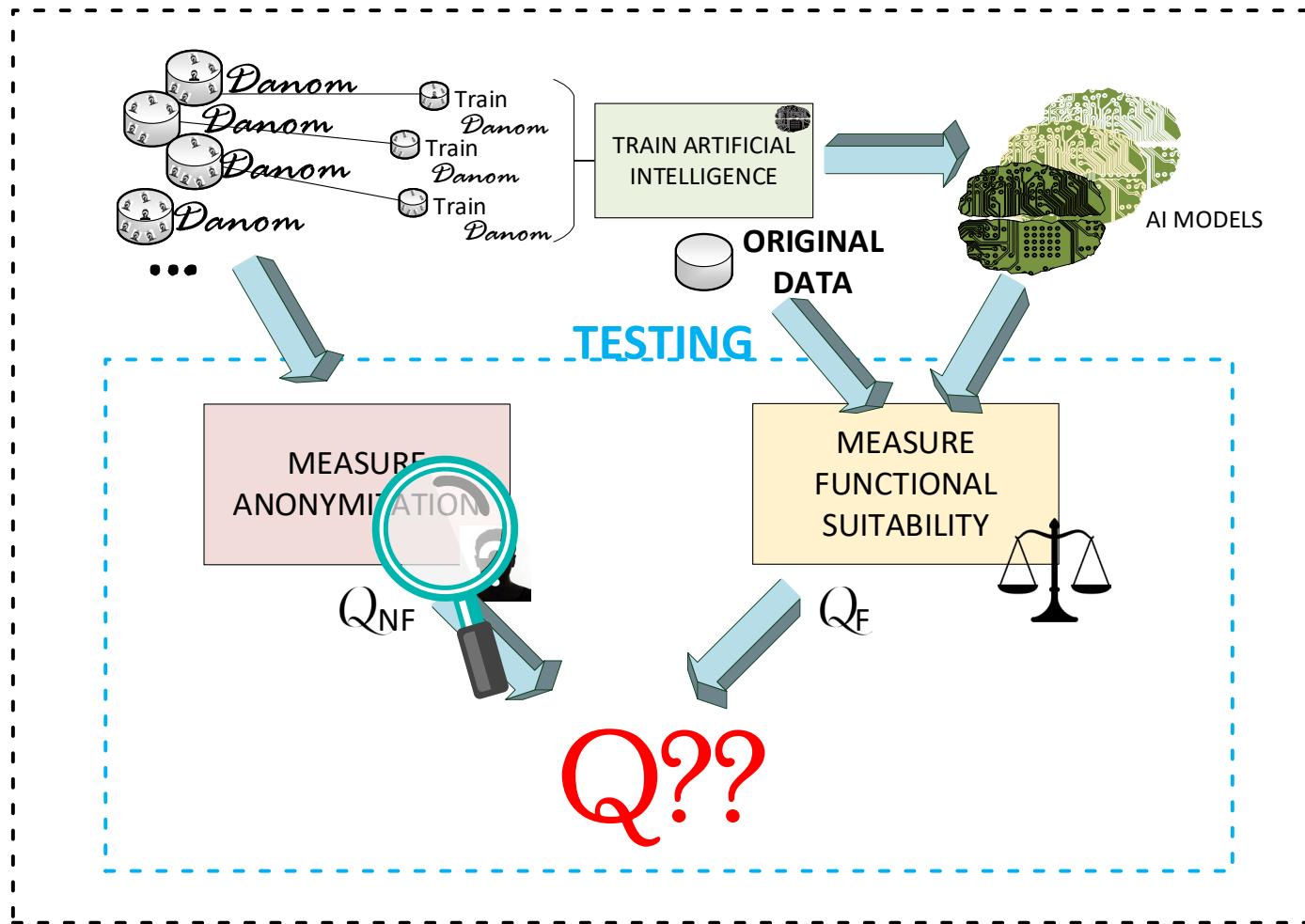
# Test Driven Anonymization Approach



# Test Driven Anonymization Approach

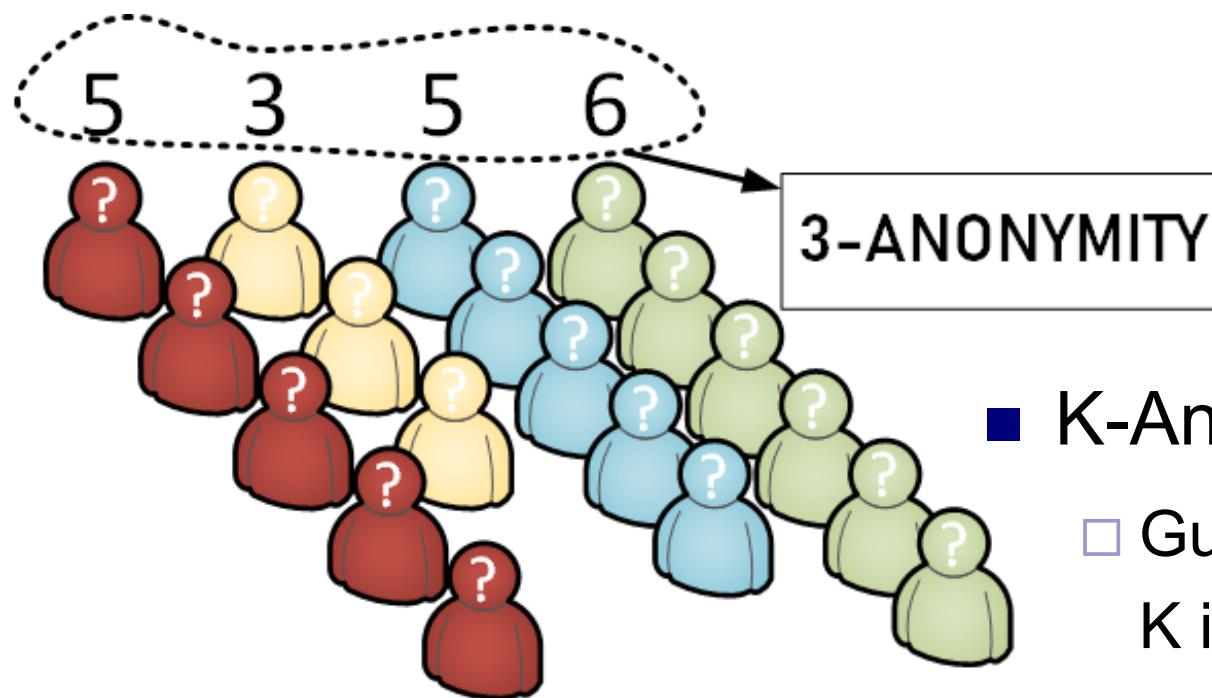


# Test Driven Anonymization Approach



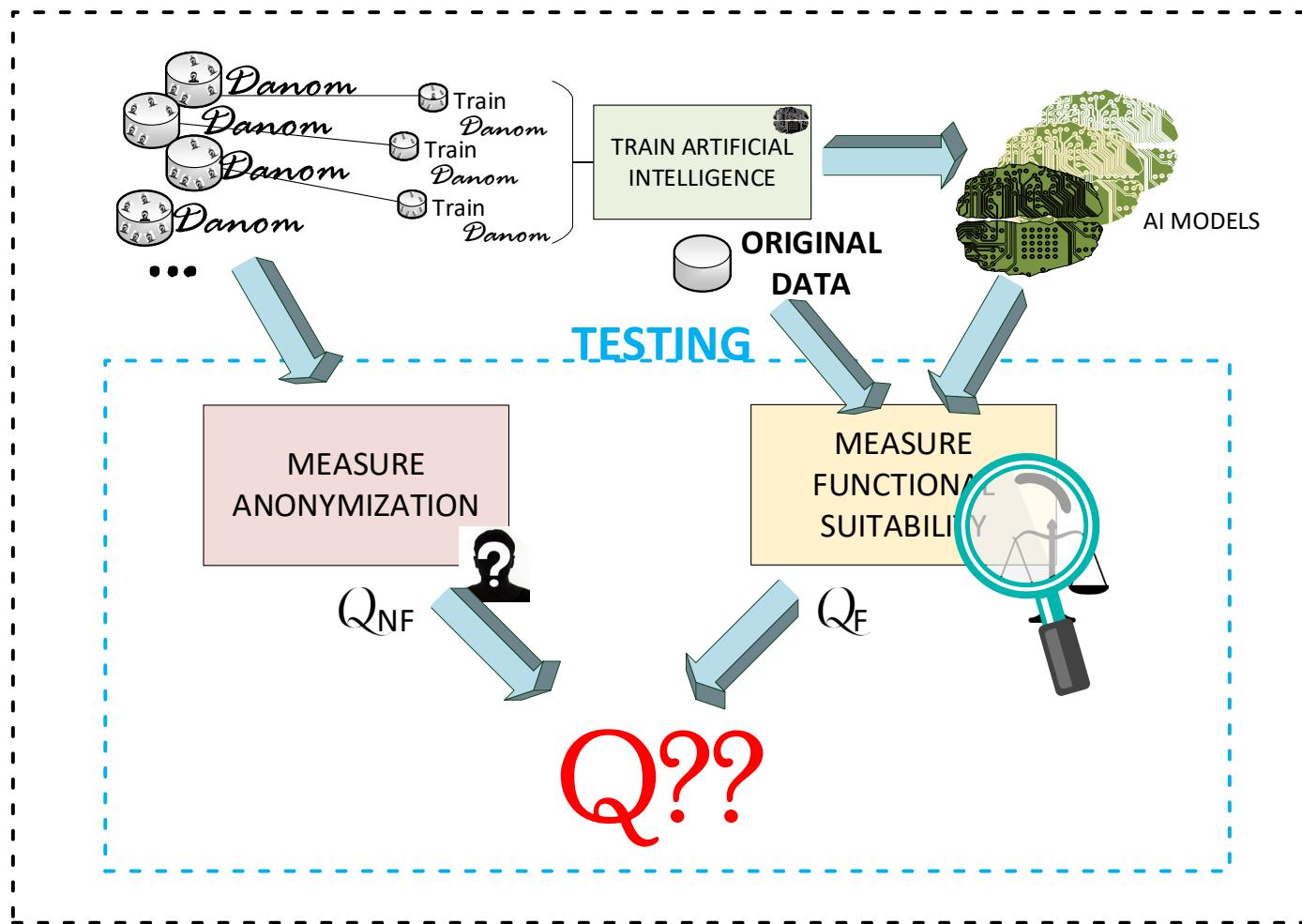
# Test Driven Anonymization

## Non-Functional Quality



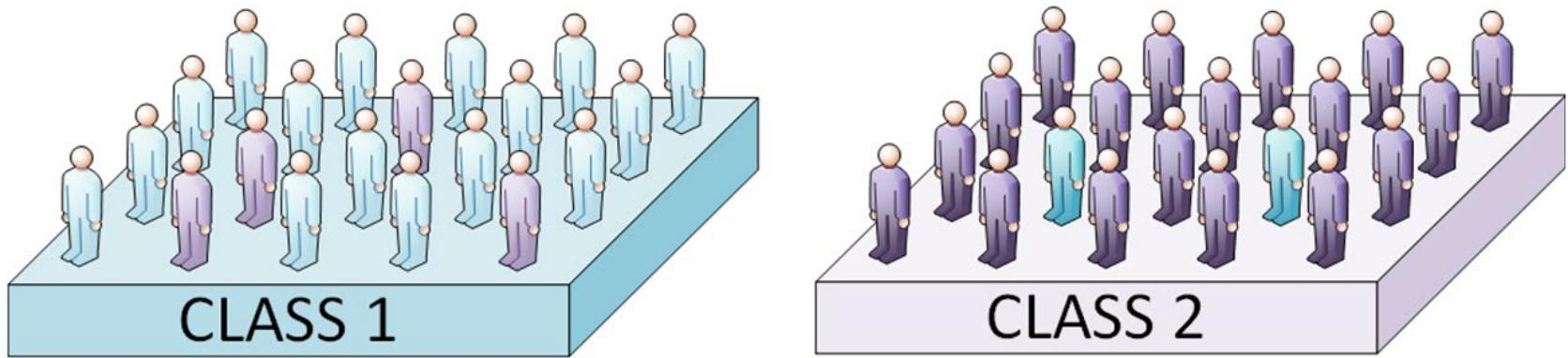
- K-Anonymity:
  - Guarantees more than K individuals for each combination of pseudo-identifiers

# Test Driven Anonymization Approach



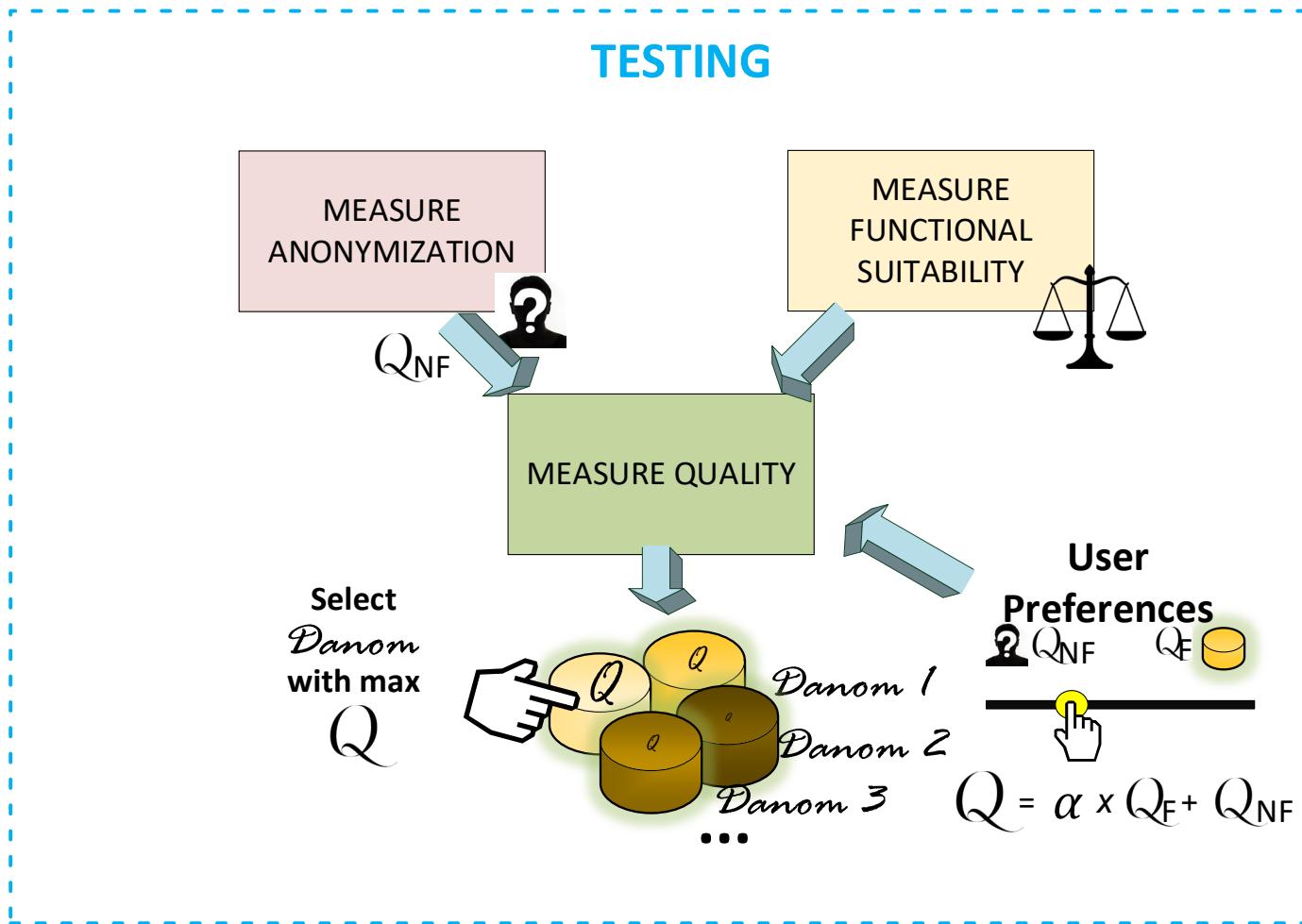
# Test Driven Anonymization

## Functional Suitability



$$Accur = \frac{N^a_{\text{Accur}} + }{N^a_{\text{Total}}}$$

# Test Driven Anonymization Quality Metric

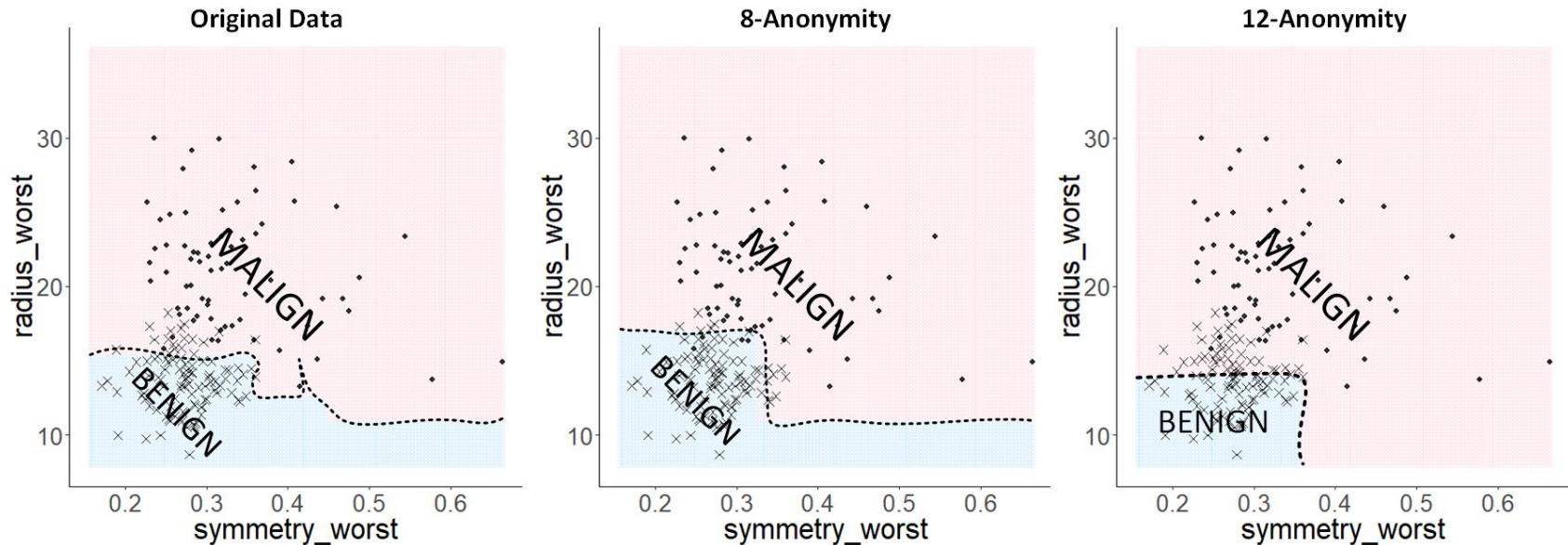


# Experimentation (I)

| Id | diagnosis | radius_mean  | texture_mean | perimeter_mean | area_mean    | ... |
|----|-----------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|-----|
| 1  | M         | 17.99        | 10.38        | 122.8          | 1001         | ... |
| 2  | M         | <b>20.57</b> | <b>17.77</b> | <b>132.9</b>   | <b>1326</b>  | ... |
| 3  | M         | 19.69        | 21.25        | 130            | 1203         | ... |
| 4  | M         | <b>11.42</b> | <b>20.38</b> | <b>77.58</b>   | <b>386.1</b> | ... |
| 5  | M         | 20.29        | 14.34        | 135.1          | 1297         | ... |
| 6  | M         | <b>12.45</b> | <b>15.7</b>  | <b>82.57</b>   | <b>477.1</b> | ... |
| 7  | M         | 18.25        | 19.98        | 119.6          | 1040         | ... |
| 8  | M         | <b>13.71</b> | <b>20.83</b> | <b>90.2</b>    | <b>577.9</b> | ... |
| 9  | M         | 13           | 21.82        | 87.5           | 519.8        | ... |
| 10 | M         | <b>12.46</b> | <b>24.04</b> | <b>83.97</b>   | <b>475.9</b> | ... |
| 11 | M         | 16.02        | 23.24        | 102.7          | 797.8        | ... |
| 12 | M         | <b>15.78</b> | <b>17.89</b> | <b>103.6</b>   | <b>781</b>   | ... |
| 13 | M         | 19.17        | 24.8         | 132.4          | 1123         | ... |
| 14 | M         | <b>15.85</b> | <b>23.95</b> | <b>103.7</b>   | <b>782.7</b> | ... |
| 15 | M         | 13.73        | 22.61        | 93.6           | 578.3        | ... |

- Two public domain datasets related with medical insurance and health:
  - Breast-Cancer(Wisconsin) Dataset
  - Medical Cost Personal Dataset
- Using a generalization method with numerical pseudo-identifiers

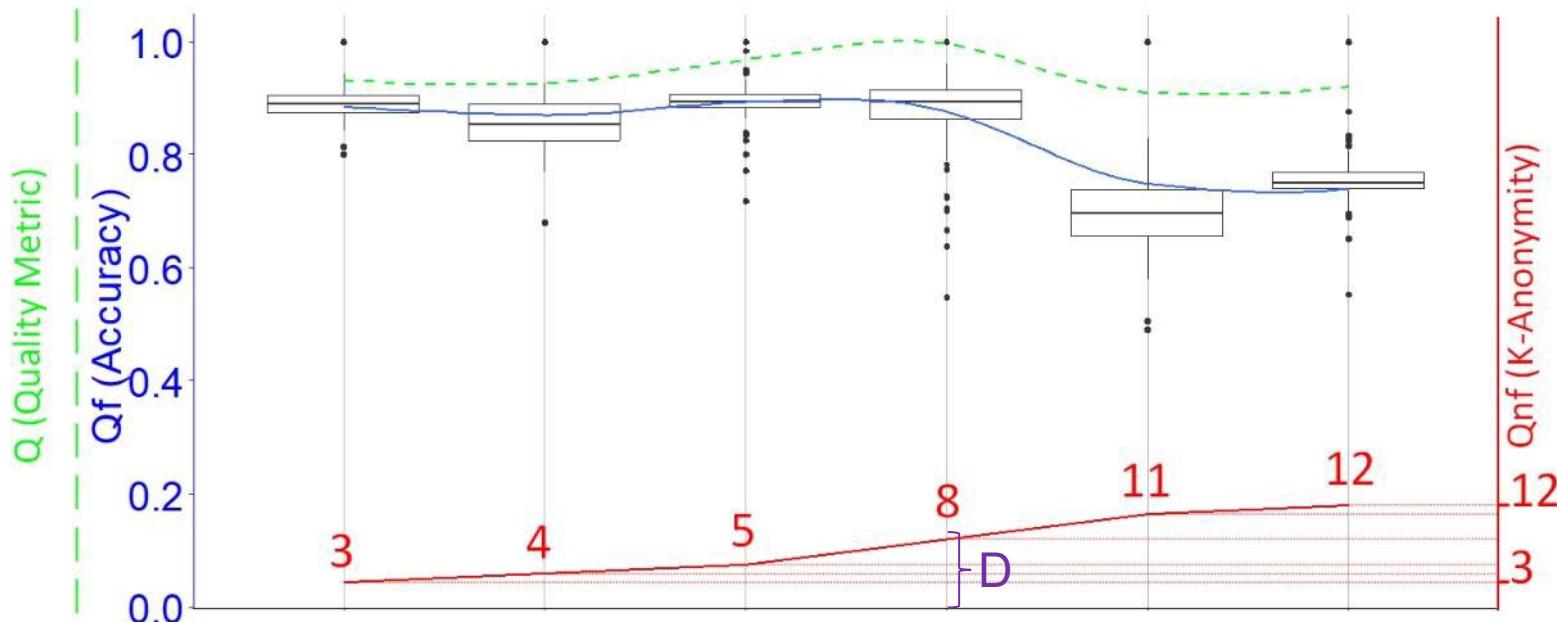
# Experimentation (II)



## ■ Wisconsin Dataset:

- Uses a Random-Forest AI Algorithm for classification, with two size tumor metrics of input
- Try to predict if the tumor is malign or benign

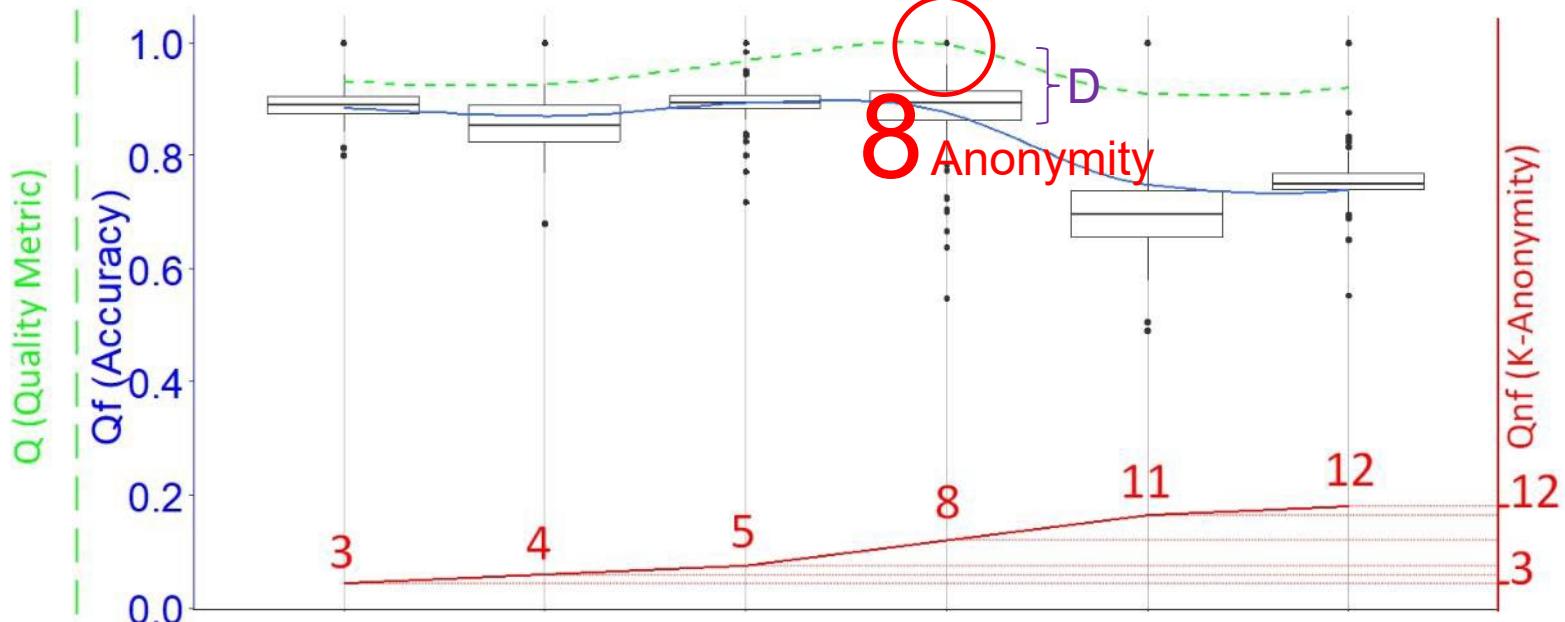
# Experimentation (III)



## ■ Wisconsin Dataset:

- Reach the trade-off between functional and non functional quality with a 8-Anonymization

# Experimentation (IV)



## ■ Wisconsin Dataset:

- Reach the trade-off between functional and non functional quality with a 8-Anonymization

# **Conclusions and future work**

## **■ Conclusions**

- TDA achieves a trade off between privacy and functional suitability.
- TDA allows provider the releasing of useful datasets for developing AI tools

## **■ Future Work**

- Evaluation in more case studies and techniques
- Automation the approach
- Evaluate the dependence between TDA and AI algorithms

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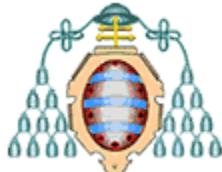
# Any Question?

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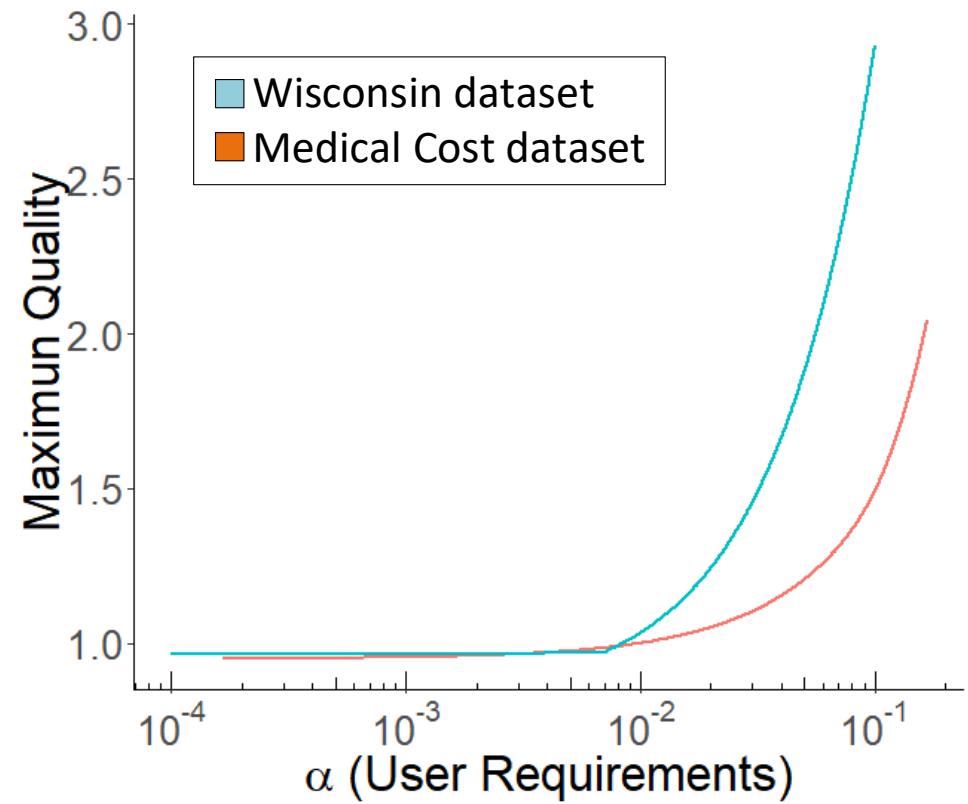


# User Preferences

- Represented by  $\alpha$  value
  - Prior data utility or data privacy.
- Our quality metric :
  - $Q = QF + \alpha \cdot QNF$

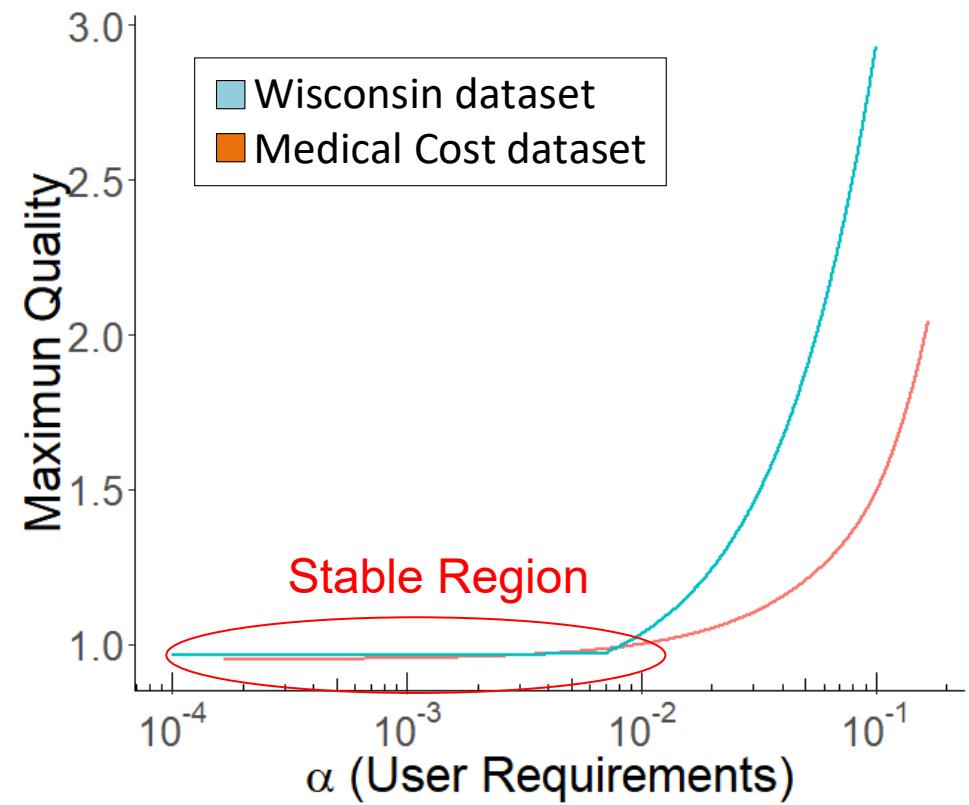
# User Requirements

- Selecting the value:



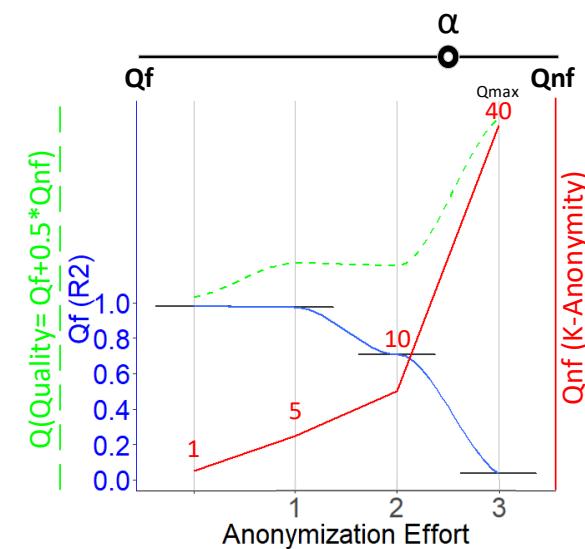
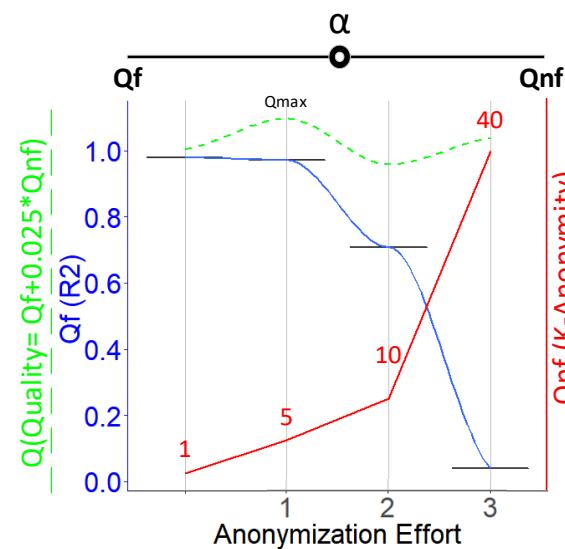
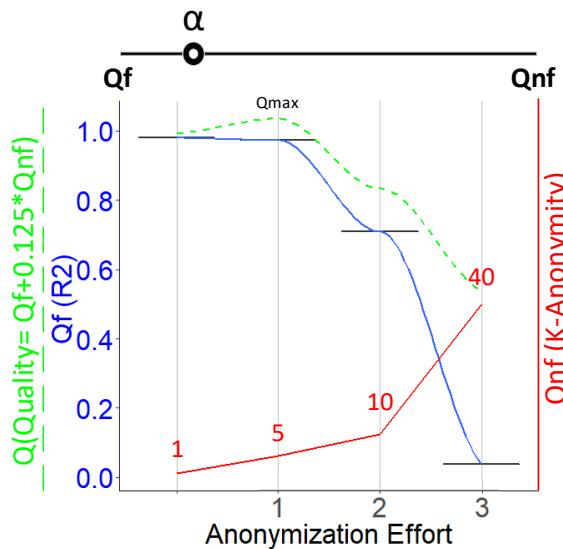
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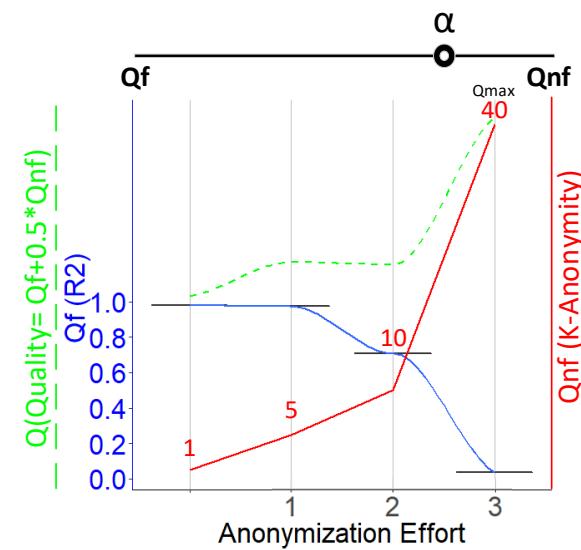
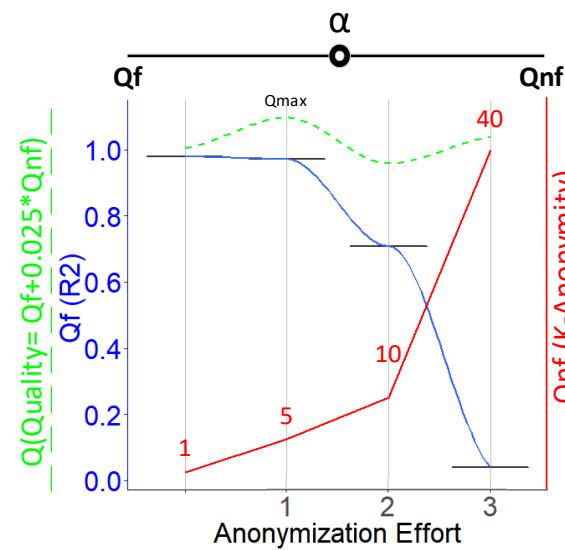
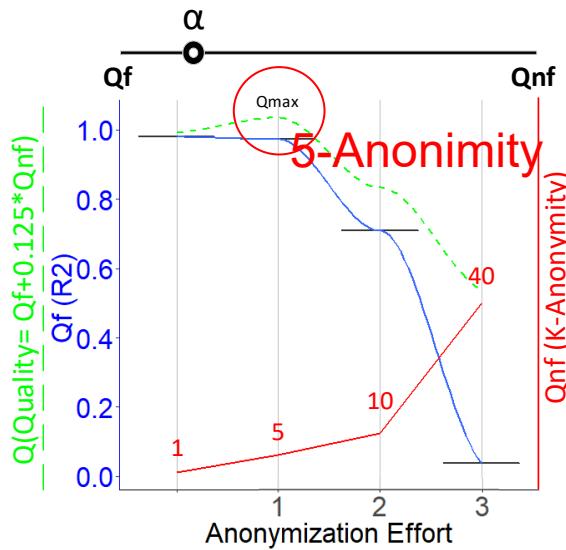
# User Preferences

- Different preferences:



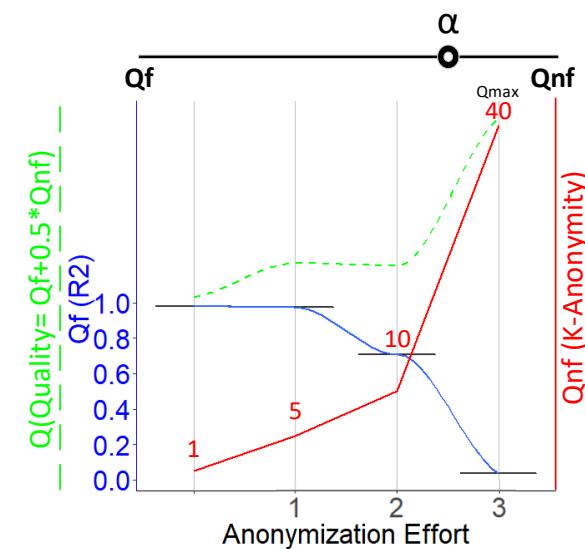
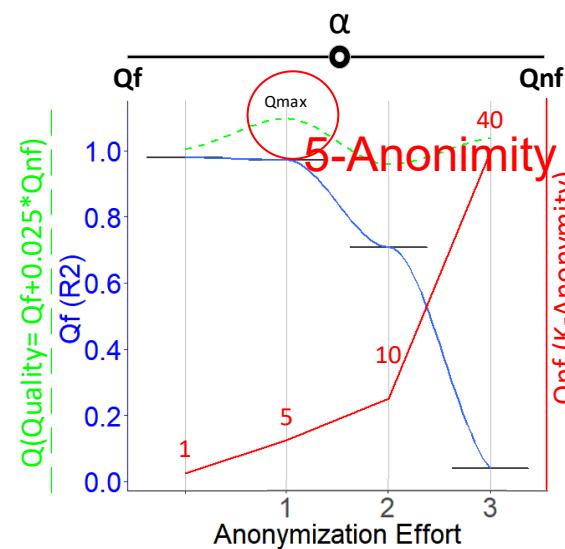
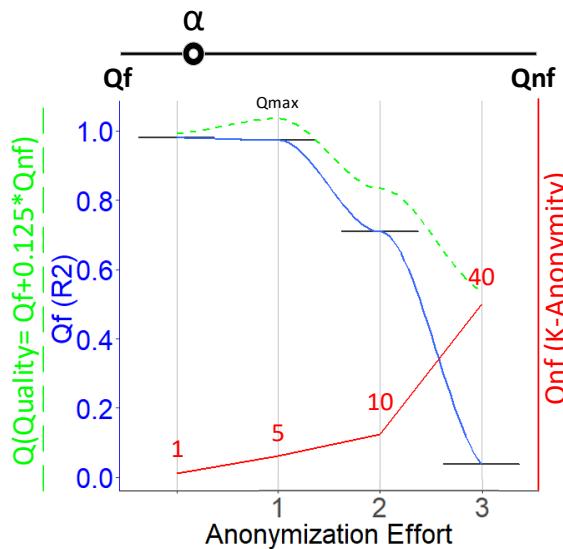
# User Preferences

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