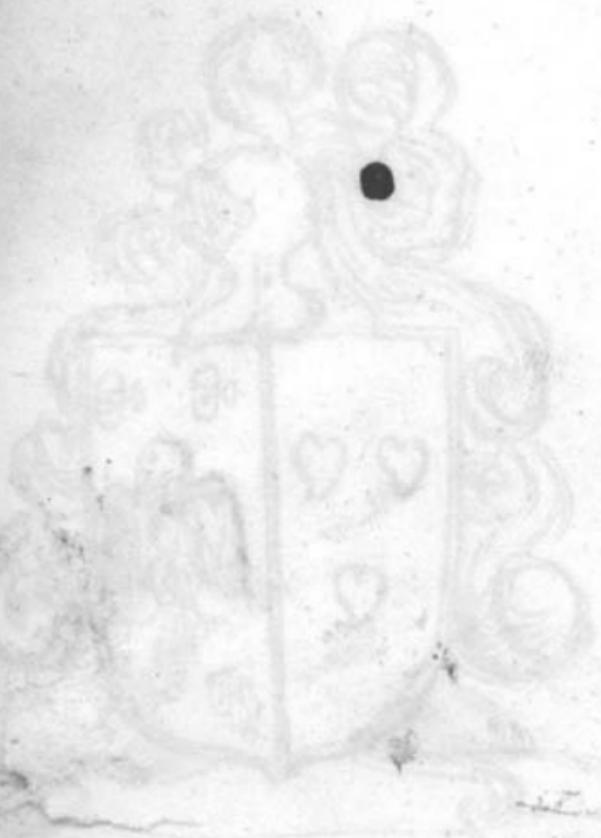


May 1st 1890
y m' dinner









A H T

and Cinnabarinus

mixed to water

burning plasters

mixed to water

burning plasters

externally apply

to the burns or

sores from ~~the~~ ~~burns~~ ~~the~~ ~~burns~~

moist

every

THE
Art of Manual Defence
or,
System of boxing
perspicuously explained
in a series of lessons,
and illustrated
by plates
by a pupil both of
HUMPHREYS and MENDOZA
LONDON.
1799.

Muscatine
initially sought to induce
the court to accept the proposed
settlement. It seems to conclude from
its consideration of the proposed
settlement that the court had
not been fully apprised of the
facts and circumstances which
had led to the proposed settlement.
The court also finds nothing to suggest
that the parties reached a settlement
as a result of pressure or threat.

ADVERTISEMENT.

To the former editions.

IN the present Treatise on the Art of Boxing, the Author has not adhered rigidly to the precepts of either Humphreys or Mendoza, but formed a System upon the Rules and Lessons of each. If, therefore, the pupils of these Boxers should perceive a slight occasional deviation, in any particular instance, from the instructions of their respective masters, they are to attribute it to a desire of amending the method of the one by the substitution of that of the other, wherever it is concu-

Advertencia

para la primera edición.

En el presente tratado sobre el arte del Pugilato, el Autor no se adhiere rigurosamente a los preceptos de Humphreys o de Mendoza, ni forma un sistema sobre las reglas y lecciones de cada uno de los dos. Si así, los discípulos de estos Pueblos perciviesen una ligera variación en algún ejemplo de las instrucciones de su respectivo maestro, ellos deben atribuirlo a un deseo de emendar el método del uno por la sustitución del otro, en todos partes esta concedido que uno u otros cada de por si, es defectuoso e incapaz de servir para la proma-defensa.

ved that either of them is deficient and inadequate to the purpose of self-defence.

Clement's-Inn.

The Author thinks it needless to add any thing in defence of the present publication. The extensive and rapid sale of the former editions, are, he trusts, sufficient to recommend it still further to the public notice, and to prove that he has not professed to teach the Art of Boxing without a competent knowledge of the subject. This will be further illustrated by a perusal of the Treatise by Mr. Mendoza, the chief parts of which differ in very few respects from those contained in the

El Autor manda q. no se necesita
el añadir ninguna cosa en de-
fensa de la presente publicacion —
La grande y rapida venta de
la primera edicion, es lo sufi-
ciente para recomendarle a el
conocimiento del publico y para
mostrar que el Autor no se ha pue-
to a enseñar el arte del Progr.
ato sin una completo conocimien-
to de este asunto. Esto sera mas a-
delante ilustrado por la lectura del
tratado del Sr. Mendoza cuyos prin-
cipales preceptos difieren muy poco
de los contenidos en esta obra

present publication.

CONTENTS.

Chap. I

Of Standing upon guard.—stopping blows that are aimed at the head and face— and the proper method of striking.

Chap. II.

Of parrying and returning— and guarding the face and stomach

Chap. III.

Of guarding both sides of the face, and the stomach and ribs.

INDICE.

CAP. I

Del modo de ponerse en guardia
 - parar golpes dirigidos a la cara y cara — y el propriomo
modo de guardia.

CAP II.

Del modo de parar y contestar
 - guardar la cara y el estomago.

CAP III.

De guardar los dos lados de la cara
 en el estomago y los costillares.

Chap. IV.

Of Sparring, with some miscellaneous remarks necessary to be attended to by the Pupil. p.

Chap. V.

Of the requisites necessary to form a good Boxer— and four Rules of the Art,

Chap. VI.

Of the different species of blow and of the most dangerous parts of the body in which they can be planted, p.

Chap. VII.

Of closing—and throwing falls. p.

CAP. IV.

Del modo de estar en guardia con
algunas observaciones necesarias de ser
observada por el Discípulo —

CAP. V.

De los requisitos necesario para
armar un gran Pugil — y cuan-
do reglas del Arte. —

CAP. VI.

De las diferentes especies de gol-
pes y de los partes mas peligrosos
del cuerpo donde ellos pueden ser
dados.

CAP. VII.

Del modo de cerrar la distancia —
y abrirla a un adversario —

Chap VIII,

An explanation of the technical terms most frequently used in Boxing — p.

CONCLUSION.

Descriptive account of modern Boxers;

C A P. V I I I .

Explicacion de los terminos tecnicos q. mas frequentemente se usan en el Pugilato

Conclusion

Relacion descriptiva de los Pugiles modernos

INTRODUCTION.

THE insolence so peculiar to the manners of the lower order of people in this country has long been a subject of regret. But it is well known that such licentiousness cannot be totally prevented by legislative authority, without at the same time extinguishing that liberty to which it is inseparably annexed, and which is the boast and glory of the British constitution. The only means of checking the evil is by per-

PROLOGO.

La insolencia tan peculiar en las maneras de la clase baja del pueblo en este país, ha sido por largo tiempo un objeto de pena. Pero es bien conocido que tal licencia no puede ser totalmente impedida por la autoridad legislativa, sin al mismo tiempo destruya aquella libertad que es inseparable mío y la cual es el orgullo y gloria de la constitución Británica.

El único medio de cortar el mal es el castigo personal

sonal chastisement; yet a man in genteel life rarely ventures to exert his resentment in this manner, because he knows that the rudeness and scurrility of which he has so much reason to complain, generally arise from the reasoning that the vulgar feel for engaging in a boxing match, and the idea that they entertain of exciting fear by the assistance of so mean an advantage, and of being enabled on this account to insult their superiors with impunity.

It is therefore an object of some utility and importance for a man to acquire a dexterity

Pero un hombre de una vida decente difícilmente se atreverá (se atreve) a demostrar su resentimiento. De este modo, porque el hombre la grosería y bafonería de la cual él tiene tanta razon para quejarse generalmente nace de la prontitud que el vulgo siente por mezclándose en una cachetina — y la idea que ellos entretienen de estar miedo por una persona tan ventajosa y de ser capaces en esta ocasión de insultar con impunidad a sus superiores —

Esto es así en objeto de alguna utilidad e importancia para que un hombre adquiera una

in Boxing, in order to defend himself against such rudeness, and to protect those whose weakness, or sex, renders them liable to the insults of the rabble, and deprives them of all power of effectual resistance. As this dexterity becomes disseminated to a greater extent among the middling and more elevated ranks of society, we may expect that the envy of the lower orders of people will less frequently seek for gratification in mortifying all whose dress and manners mark them out as their betters in quality and fortune, and that fewer men

10.

destreza en el Pugilato para
defenderse a si mismo contra tal
brutalidad y para proteger a aquello
quien debilidad, edad, o sexo di-
pone a los insultos de la canalla,
y les priva del ~~todo~~ poder de efe-
tuar una resistencia. Como esta des-
treza bién sea se dispersada entre a
una grande extensión entre el me-
jor y mas alto rango de la so-
ciadad, nosotros podemos esperar
que la envídia de las bajas classas
del pueblo, sera meno frecuen-
temente buscadas para divertirse
en mortificiar a todos cuya vesti-
do y maneras ~~la~~ asombran fuer-
ra como las mejores en qua-
lidad y fortuna y aquello
nos ~~instantes~~ cuando ocurrivan de-

tances will occur of the brutalty of blackguardism exerting itself in alarming and insulting the virtuous female, or the infirm old man.

It is thought by many that a knowledge of Boxing tends to render the temper petulant and quarrelsome, and to make people fond of seeking opportunities of displaying their skill and ability. So far from entertaining such an opinion myself, I am rather induced to believe it will have a contrary effect. If a man, ignorant of the Art, is insulted

la bondad de gente sana
ejercitándose en aburridas y
molestas ~~multas~~^{multas} las virtudes fami-
liares o los enfermos viejos. —

Se piensa por muchos que
en movimiento de el Pugi-
ato tiende a hacer el corac-
ter petrante y pendenciero
y a ~~hacer~~ la gente amiga
de buscar ocasiones oportunas
de lucir su talento y astucia
Son lejos de tener yo tal
opinión yo estoy inclinado a
ver que ello tendrá un con-
trario efecto — si un hom-
bre ignorante de el Arte es

in the street, he will naturally feel himself irritated, and when he reflects that a lowlived fellow treats him ill from a supposition of being more powerful than himself in point of personal strength his resentment may be so heightened as to hurry him to commit some rash action.

Should he, however, understand Boxing, it is more probable that he will pass by the insult from a conviction of his ability to resent it by manual castigation should it be repeated. Many per-

12.

multados en la calle el naturalmente se sentiva invitado y mandó el reflejone que un bajo indecente trato a el mal por una vaporacion de ver mas fuerte que el encuento de fuerza personal un resentimiento puede ser elevado tal que obligue a el a meter alguna propuesta acuerda

Si el siniembargo esta entendido en Boxear, es mas probable que el pasara por el multado de una conviccion de suabilidad a resentido por ejecutar castigo vi fuese repetido

sions there doubtless are whom
a knowledge of pugilism would
render insolent and abusive;
but this no more forms an
argument against the prop-
riety of learning the art,
than the circumstance of
some men having dedicated
their talents to base purposes
justifies a general reflection
on wit and genius. Every bene-
fit, it is well known, has its
attendant evil.

The very circumstance that
some men who have learnt
to Box are likely to abuse
their power, renders it nece-

Muchas personas allí viviendo son quienes en un comienzo de el pugilato havia inolentes y abusivas pero esto no forma un argumento contra el saber de aprender el arte, que las circunstancias de algunos hombres que habiendo dedicado sus talentos a' bajo propósitos justifica una general reflexión sobre el talento y genio. Cada beneficio a bien valido tiene sus tendencias a mal

La ~~sabiduría~~ misma circunstancia que algunos hombres quienes han aprendido a Boe Xear con capazas causar de ~~mal~~ su poder hace ellos re

ssary to disseminate the art
to a wider extent, for the
purpose of enabling others to re-
sist the attacks of such rascals.

It is not always against the
mean and illiterate alone that
we are obliged to defend our
selves. Many persons whose
education, and whose rank
in life, should teach them
to act otherwise, too often
forfeit by their conduct their
claim to the title and charac-
ter of gentlemen. And, though
it were unfair and ridiculous
to wish that boxing matches
should take place among peo-
ple of respectability ^{and} 

cesario aí esperar el año ^{14.}
a una gran extensión por el
propósito de hacer capaces ci-
udadanos de resistir los ataques de
tales picardos. Muchas perso-
nas cuya educación y ampre-
niong en la vida debe en-
senarles a obrar de otro
modo ~~muchas~~ demasiado a-
menudo olvidar por su
conducta sus Derechos a el
titulo y carácter de cabi-
lero y aunque esto fuese
individuo ~~que~~ ridículo de-
clarar que las cachetinas
tomen lugar entre gente
de respeto.

tead of duels, yet the frequent necessity in such a case of manfully resenting any personal affront cannot but be obvious.

To a man of the most inoffensive disposition, I should imagine that a knowledge of Boxing must be of some advantage; for it enables him to walk the streets with an idea of greater security, and if he does not intend to resent an insult, he has at least the satisfaction of reflecting that it is in his power. The arguments, indeed, against learning the science of pugilism, seem to arise from not making a

en lugars de dureta pero¹⁸
la necesidad frecuente en un
asotal de mammal resan-
timiento amalgarea afrenta
personal no puele ser evita-

da - - - - -

Pasi un hombre de la
mas inofensiva disposicion yo
hebo imaginou que un uno
momento de el Pugilato de-
ber ver de alguma utilidad por
que esto le hace capaz de pa-
sear los calles con una idea de
gran seguridad y si el no ha
e intencion a resentir su in-
vuln, el tiene a lo menos la
satisfaccion de reflexionar que
ella esta en su poder. Los argu-
mentos, en verdad contra el apre-
nder la ciencia del pugilato

proper distinction between the
inhumanity of premeditated
boxing matches, and the pro-
priety, and often the necessity
of engaging in a casual en-
counter. Whether pitched battles
ought to be encouraged, and
whether their barbarity is o-
verbalanced by any good e-
ffects they produce in the
manners of the lower order
of people, may well be ma-
de the subject of dispute; but
no doubt, can surely be en-
tertained, by those who re-
flect on the subject for a mo-
ment, on the propriety of

parecen elevarse de su paísa 16.
una propia distinción entre la in-
humanidad de predilección parti-
das de tronquis y la propiedad
y amenudo la necesidad de
arredarase en un casual encon-
tro. Bien grandes batallas se
han visto animadas y si un bar-
barismo este aumentado por una
quiero bueno efecto ello pro-
ducen en el bajo orden del pue-
blo puede hacerse bien el asun-
to de disputa pero no hay da-
ba puede ser entendido por aque-
llo que reflexionan sobre el
asunto por un momento sobre
la propiedad de

learning the Art of self defence, when it is well known that peaceable behaviour is no security against rudeness and insult.

By these reflections was I induced to compose the present Treatise. Two pamphlets on Boxing have already appeared, but I am convinced that neither of them can be productive of much service to those who wish to acquire a knowledge of the Art. They both consist, in a great measure, of a descriptive review of the old Boxers of Bronghton's

aprender el arte de la pro-¹⁷
pia defensa cuando es bien va-
rido que un proceder pacífico no
sirve de seguridad contra la ru-
briza y el invulto — — —

Por estas reflexiones fui yo in-
ducido a comprender el presente
tratado. Los folletos sobre el
Pugilato han aparecido ya,
pero yo estoy convencido que
ninguno de ellos puede ser
producir mucha utilidad a
aquejlos quienes desean adqui-
rir un conocimiento del arte
Los dos consisten en gran
manera de una revista des-
criptiva de los viejos Pugiles.

time; a review, which can be
an object of little curiosity to
the people of the present day,
and which had previously ap-
peared in all our daily and eve-
ning news-papers. One of the pa-
phlets alluded to gives its rea-
ders, some imperfect idea of
a guard, and points out whe-
re they may strike the most
successful blows, describing at
the same time the reason
why a stroke hit on this or that
part of the body produces such
and such an effect. It was orig-
inally written by Captain God-
frey, and appears to have be-

una revista que pue-
de ver un objeto de peque-
ña utilidad para la gente
de ahora y que de anter-
mano aparecio en todos nues-
tros diarios y papeles de la
tarde. Uno de los folletos con-
refiere a sus lectores una
idea imperfecta de una
granada y marca donde
ello pueden caerlos los man-
egueros golpes describiendo
al mismo tiempo la razon por
que un golpe dado sobre tal
~~s~~ parte en esta o aquella
parte del cuerpo produce tal
o mal efecto. Esto fue origi-
nalmente escrito por el capi-

en composed with a perfect knowledge of the powers and anatomy of the human system. But it can prove of little real use, as it gives no farther instructions; except indeed, in one passage, where the pupil is told to raise his arm when his adversary strikes, in order to receive the blow on it, and then to give the return. But it is likely that the first blow may be aimed at the body, in which case, if the reader obeys his sagacious instructions, and raises his arm from his guard, he will leave an opening in his

tan Godfrey y parece haber^{19.}
nido compuesto con un perfecto
conocimiento de los poderes
y anatomía de el sistema
humano. Pero esto mede
mucha de poco verdadero en
lo como esto no da mas instruc-
ciones; excepto en verdad, en
un pasaje donde se le dice al
magistral que levante su brazo
mande el adversario saca-
lla prava recibir el golpe en
el y entonces contestar. Pero
no es probable que el pri-
mer golpe mede ver apunta-
do al enemigo, en cuyo caso si
el lector obedece a su sagaz
instrutor y levanta su brazo
de su guardaia el dejara una
abertura en

body to receive the blow of his
antagonist.

The other pamphlet merits more attention, as it gives us not only the review of old Boxers, and the treatise of Captain Godfrey, but a history of Boxing, and an athletic exercise, arranged under regular rules, and reduced into a science. This scientific portion, however, of the pamphlet, consists more of the steps which a person is to make for the purpose of advancing, retreating, and closing, than of any instructions rela-

merju para recibir el ²⁰ golpe de su antagonista -

El otro folleto merece mas atencion como el que da moralmente la revista de viejos Pugilistas y el tratado de el capitán Godfrey sino una historia de el Boxeo y un ejercicio atletico arreglado con 10 reglas regulares y redactado a ciencia. Esta científica por un ~~sincembargo~~ de el folleto muestra mas de los pasos que una persona debe de hacer para avanzar y retirar y cerrando que de cualesquier instrucciones retira

tire to pugilism, or at least
that most essential part of
Boxing, the art of stopping blows
aimed at the different parts of
the body. One or two good hints
are discoverable in the work,
but it so abounds in technical
terms, the meaning of which
are not explained, as to make
it totally unintelligible to
a person ignorant of the prin-
ciples of the art; and those
terms are so coarse and vul-
gar, and the violations of
grammar which the work con-
tains occur so frequently, as to
render it disgusting to one of
the least refinement. It must

va o el jugilismo o 21.
h. lo meno aquella mas esen-
cial parte de el Pugilato el
arte de parar los golpes man-
dados a las diferentes partes
de el cuerpo. Una o dos
buenas visiones no desa-
bierta en la obra pero ella
asi abunda en terminos tecni-
cos cuya significado no esta ex-
plicado como hacer esto
totalmente inteligible a una
persona ignorante de los pri-
meros del arte; y aquello ter-
mino con tan rudo y val-
gares y la violencia de gra-
matia que el trabajo con-
tiene ocurre tan frecuentemen-
te como hacer ello disgustar

indeed be confessed, in exten-
tion of these errors, that to
avoid the appearance of vul-
garity in the explanation of
an art, the technical terms
of which are very remote
from elegance, is by no means
an easy task, and that in-
correctness of expression may
have arisen from the carelessness
of the compositor, and
not any ignorance in the
author. The observations, ho-
wever, which the pamphlet in
question offers on training are
extremely judicious; and for this
reason I have, with a little ne-
cessary alteration, given the sub-

uno de los mejores resumen 22.
cion. Ello en verdadera debe ser
confesado en debilidad de estos
errores que para impedir la
apariencia de vulgarismo en la
explicación de un arte los terminos
tecnicos los cuales son
muy remotos de elegancia
no es por ningún medio una
fácil tarea y que la inde-
cisión de expresión puede ha-
ber sido motivada de la de-
jadez del ~~explicador~~ y no
que ignorancia en el autor.
Las observaciones vindicarán
que igual el folletín en ave-
nida ofrece sobre la explanación
una extensión más grande; y por
esta razón yo tengo con una peque-
ña necesaria alteración dado la

tance of them in the course
of the ~~following~~ following treati-
ve.

In the present work
I pretend not to lay claim
to the praise of elegance of
style. All that appeared to
me necessary on the occasion
was, to commit no gross offen-
ce against grammatical in-
correctness. My great object
has been to write perspicuous-
ly and systematically.

One of the pamphlets just
alluded to professes to teach the
reader the Art of Boxing in
so clear a manner that he

23.

rnstancia de él en el avro
de el siguiente tratado

Esta la presente obra no
pretendo poner derecho de
estilo. Todo lo que ~~supone~~
me ha parecido necesario en la
obra fue a no cometer
grandes ofensas contra la
gramática. Mi
principal objeto al esca-
bir fue el hacerlo clara-
mente y sistemáticamente
Uno de los folletos justa-
mente atendiendo a los pro-
fesores a enseñar a el be-
tor el arte del Bodecar
en tan clara manera q-
et

may acquire it himself un-
known to any second person,
and unassisted by illustrative
plates. For a man to teach
~~himself~~ without the help of
a companion, or to learn wholly
by from a book, unaided by
plates, is utterly impossible.

A Boxing-master, when
he would recommend any par-
ticular attitude, will often gi-
ve his scholar, in one moment,
a more perfect idea of his
meaning, by standing in the
posture himself, than he can
in an hour by verbal ex-
planation; and the defici-
ency of such an example is

pueda adquirir esto mas
no de un solo o una ve-
grande persona y sin ser
asistido por ilustradas lu-
minas. Para un hombre
bastante el mismo sin la a-
yuda de un compañero o a-
mender enteramente de un li-
bro sin ayuda de lámina
e enteramente imposible.

Un maestro de Boxeo
cuando el quiere recomendar
a al que quisiera particular ac-
titud amonesto dava o un
alumno en un momento
una mala perfecta idea de
un significado estando el
mismo en la postura que
el pude en una hora pur-

to be supplied alone, in a publication on the subject, by illustrative plates. Yet with such assistance the most intelligent treatise can only teach a man the theory of mililism. He will never acquire the practice of the science, but by exercising it with a companion.

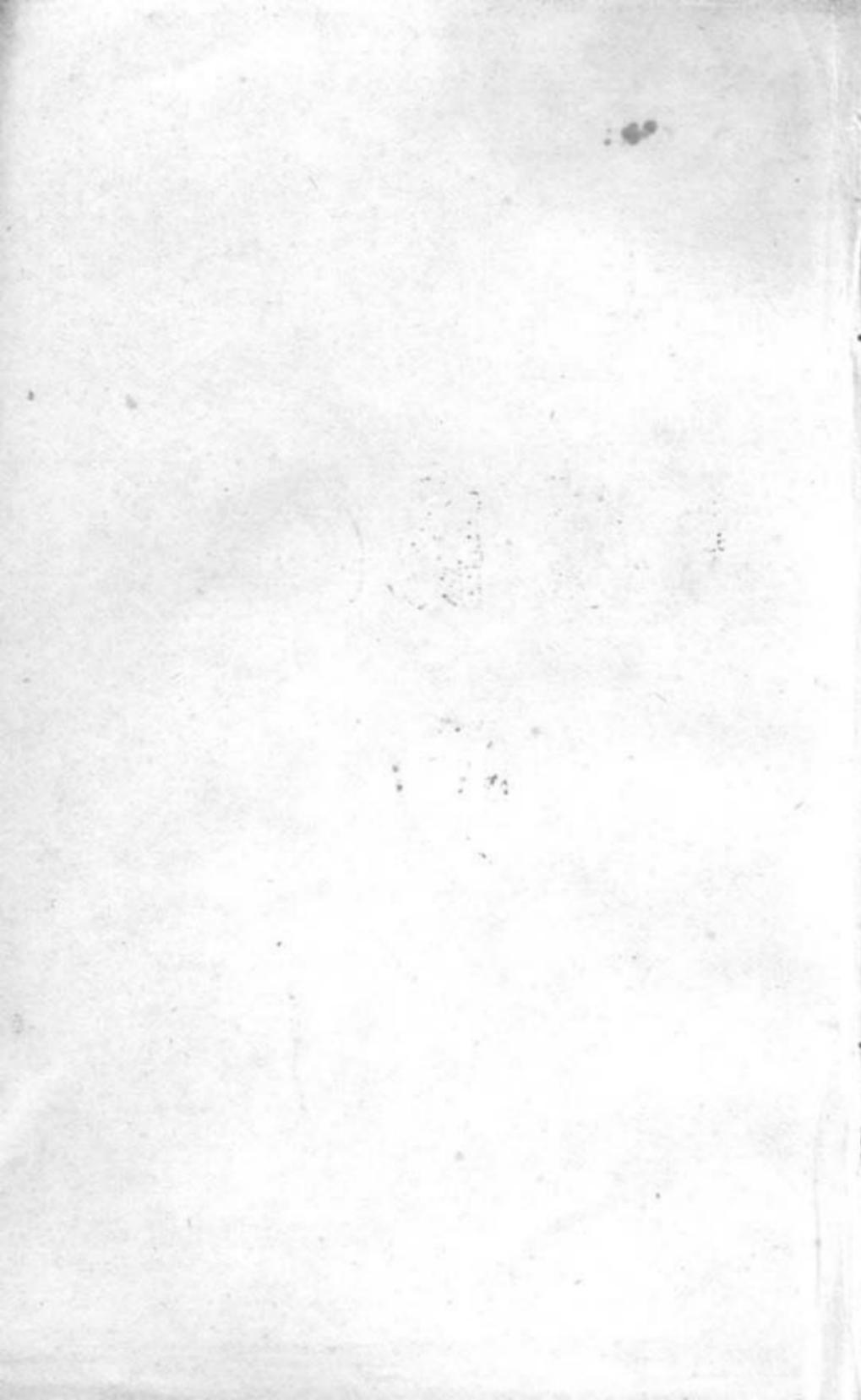
For these reasons I have endeavoured to illustrate the present work by plates, and have considered the reader as provided with a friend whose assistance will enable him to acquire a knowledge

for our verbal explanation 28.
now we -
the following words will be added
between the two and towards
the end with little known
influence but sufficient to comp.
the last three to be left
below, which words were
added and removed from
plain form of name and
to remove all division
by word left blank without
any qualification or change
and to be written down in
plain form all other to
be removed to the rest no
.

THE SOHTUA

of the Art. In order to be as plain and perspicuous as possible, I have constantly addressed him in the second person, with the same degree of unaffected familiarity, as I would use in common conversation. Should my endeavours have enabled one man to guard himself against the rudeness of a ruffian, I shall feel some pleasure in reflecting on the moment when I sat down to write the present treatise on the Art of Manual Defence.

THE AUTHOR.



87

